

## By Authority



## Homestead Notice.

Notice is hereby given:—1. That 20 additional lots have been laid out in Waialua, Kala, Maui, for Homestead purposes.  
2. The surveys can be examined and prices ascertained at the Survey Office in Honolulu, or at the office of Mr. Randall Von Tempsey at Makawao, Maui.  
3. Mr. Randall Von Tempsey of Makawao, will point out the lots to any person desiring to see them, for which service he will be entitled to a fee of one dollar from the person applying.  
4. Persons who may desire lots shall apply in writing to the Minister of Interior upon a blank form, copies of which may be obtained free of said Randall Von Tempsey.  
5. The sum of \$10 must accompany each application.  
6. No applications will be considered from persons who already own land.  
7. Every Applicant must be of full age.  
8. The Applicant will be allowed five years in which to pay for the land, during which time it will be exempt from taxes.  
9. He must within one year build a house upon the land and begin to occupy the same and continue to occupy it for the remainder of the term of five years.  
10. He must within two years enclose the land with a substantial fence.  
11. He must pay quarterly in advance interest on the unpaid purchase price at the rate of ten per cent. The purchaser may pay the whole or any part of the purchase price at any time, which will stop interest.  
12. The preliminary agreement is non-assignable, and the land cannot be sold until all conditions are fulfilled and after the lapse of five years.  
13. Failure to comply with any of the conditions will work a forfeiture of the land.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Dec. 2nd, 1890. 1332-3t

J. W. KAHEE, Esq., has this day been appointed Pound Master for the District of Kilauea, Island of Hawaii.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 24, 1890. 1331-3t

C. E. RICHARDSON, Esq., has this day been appointed an Agent to Appraise Lands Subject to Government Condemnation for the Districts of Hilo and Puna, Island of Hawaii, vice J. Nawahi resigned.

F. S. Lyman, Chairman.  
A. B. Leobenstien,  
C. E. Richardson.  
C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 24, 1890. 1331-3t

In accordance with Section 1, Chapter XXXV. of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day set apart an enclosure for the impounding of estrays in Kilauea on a piece of land situated on the Government road and east of Kilauea Plantation, Island of Hawaii.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 24, 1890. 1331-3t

In accordance with the provisions of Section 2, Chapter XXXV. of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day appointed J. W. Kahee, Pound Master to the above Pound in Kilauea, Hawaii.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 24, 1890. 1331-3t

Mr. JNO. A. HASSINGER, has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the First Judicial Circuit of the Kingdom.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 26, 1890. 1331-3t

Mr. WRAY TAYLOR, has this day been appointed Secretary of the Bureau of Immigration.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Nov. 26, 1890. 1331-3t

In Re East Maui Stock Company  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
HONOLULU, October 22, 1890.

Whereas the East Maui Stock Company has pursuant to the laws in such case made and provided, duly filed with the undersigned a Petition for the dissolution of the said Corporation, together with a Certificate thereto annexed as required by law, now, therefore;

Notice is hereby given to any and all persons who have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said Corporation, that objection to the granting of the said Petition must be filed in the office of the undersigned on or before Tuesday, the 30th day of December, 1890; and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must be in attendance at the office of the undersigned in Alilani Hale, Honolulu, at 11 o'clock a.m. of that day, and show cause why said Petition should not be granted.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
1347-9t

## Census Notice.

In accordance with the requirements of the law, a general census of the Hawaiian Islands will be taken under the direction of the Board of Education, as of the date of December 28th. Attention is hereby called to the following extracts from the law:

"It shall be the duty of the Board of Education, every sixth year, counting from the year 1890, to make a complete census of the inhabitants of the Kingdom."  
"To enable the Board of Education to carry into execution the design of the last preceding section, relating to the census, it is hereby authorized to make, through its agents all proper and necessary inquiries. All persons are hereby required under pain of a fine not to exceed fifty dollars, to be imposed by any police or district justice, to answer to the best of their knowledge, all

such questions as shall be propounded by the Agents of the Board, relating to, or necessary for, the making of the census."

The following persons have been appointed District Superintendents of the Census in the several Districts of the Kingdom:

## HAWAII.

Hilo.....L. Severance  
Hamakua.....Chas. Williams  
N. Kohala.....E. C. Bond  
S. Kohala.....Miss E. W. Lyons  
N. Kona.....Woldemar Muller  
S. Kona.....Norman Logan  
Kau.....Chas. Meineke  
Puna.....Robert Ryecroft

## MAUI, LANAI AND MOLOKAI.

Lahaina and Lanai.....Henry Dickenson  
Waialua.....A. Barnes  
Makawao.....C. H. Dickey  
Hana.....M. H. Reuter  
Molokai.....R. W. Meyer

## OAHU.

Ewa.....G. L. Edwards  
Waianae.....John F. Scott  
Waiaina.....J. F. Anderson  
Koolaula.....Wm. C. Lane  
Koolanoke.....F. Pahia

## KAUAI AND NIHAU.

Waimea and Nihaa.....T. H. Gibson  
Koloa.....E. Streiz  
Lihue.....W. T. Lucas  
Kauai.....G. E. Fairchild  
Hanalei.....Chas. Koelling

All inquiries and communications relating to census matters, outside the District of Honolulu, should be addressed to the District Superintendents.

C. T. RODGERS, M.D.  
General Sup't of Census, Honolulu.  
Honolulu, Nov. 13, 1890. 1331-4t

THOMAS ALO, Esq., has this day been appointed Commissioner of Agriculture for the Districts of North and South Kona, Island of Hawaii, vice J. P. Kahalewai resigned.

The Board now consist of  
W. Muller, chairman,  
D. H. Nabhin,  
Thos. Alo.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Dec. 9, 1890. 1333-3t

R. von TEMPSEY, Esq., has this day been appointed a member of the Road Board of the District of Makawao, Island of Maui, vice A. von Graevemeyer resigned.

The Board now consists as follows:  
C. H. Dickey, chairman,  
L. A. Andrews,  
R. von Tempsey.

C. N. SPENCER,  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Dec. 9, 1890. 1333-3t

## Hawaiian Gazette

EST MODUS IN REBUS.

## 12-PAGE EDITION.

TUESDAY, DEC. 16, 1890.

## HAWAIIANS IN SAMOA.

The Samoa Times has an editorial article in its issue on the 29th November, calling upon the King to put in force both the Chinese exclusion act and also the ordinance prohibiting the admission of natives of the Hawaiian Islands into Samoa.

In January last, says the Times, the King issued a proclamation notifying all recently-arrived natives of the Hawaiian Islands to leave Samoa during the present year. This period is now drawing to a close and those Hawaiians and Chinese, or that portion of them to whom the ordinance applies, apparently have no intention of complying with the King's proclamation, several of them having taken Samoan wives, evidently intending to settle permanently in the country.

The act for the exclusion of both Chinese and Hawaiians was framed with the object of preventing leprosy from spreading in Samoa, but the Times states it has been allowed to stand over for the last two years, and in that time persons of both the forbidden nationalities took advantage of the unsettled state of Samoa to evade the provisions of the Exclusion Act, and "probably" Hawaiians having the germs of the disease before leaving their own country, brought the disease with them.

The writer in the Times, in the article now under notice does not state to what extent the disease has shown itself in Samoa but says, "the disease is now here, and is not solely confined to the Chinese and Hawaiians who brought it but several Samoans have become its victims." He accepts however the alleged assertion of "persons who are well acquainted with the native of Hawaii," that one out of fifty is tainted with the disease.

Another article in the same paper under the heading "Another Case of Leprosy in Apia" reports that a Hawaiian was known to be lying in a house on the eastern side of the Vassego River in an advanced stage of Asiatic leprosy. The American Consul being notified sent an official and a native chief magistrate to the spot. A doctor (Dr. Funk) was sent for and from the symptoms described there can be no doubt that it is a very bad case of tuberculous leprosy. Two other cases were reported but the Times has not yet found out whether there is any truth in the report, and a woman living near where the leper is lying is said to be in almost as bad a condition.

Under these circumstances it is not to be wondered at that the Times cries aloud for the execution of the provisions of the Exclusion Act and says, "the Hawaiians and Chinese coming under the provisions of the act" that is, who were "recently arrived" two years ago, must be sent out of the country at any cost. As to expenses the Times says "the customs duties lately collected belong to the nation and should be available for the emergency." "We must not allow them to remain a single day if there is a chance to slip them."

Now, while sympathizing with the Samoans thus brought face to face with what may be, if not judiciously dealt with, a dire calamity, we hope that their fears may not overpower all sense of justice. To hastily expel persons of a certain nationality who have married and settled down for over two years, be their numbers small or great, because it is known that a certain contagious disease exists in their native country is not justice or sense, but panic. If they are to be subjected to medical supervision to a general or periodical inspection, the object of avoiding the disease might be achieved.

The Times deprecates the delay until the Chief Justice comes. The Chief Justice will most probably be on board the Alameda, due here on the 20th, and it would be well if our Government could accomplish a conference with him, affording him the fullest information as to how the disease is combatted here, the methods both of prevention and alleviation, and ask his good offices in seeing that the few Hawaiians in Samoa are not treated with harshness or injustice.

The following notice appears in another part of the same paper:

## [TRANSLATION.]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.  
The law proclaimed last year, concerning the Chinese, is still in operation, and will be enforced.

I have now added to that law the following regulations concerning Hawaiians:  
It is strictly forbidden for any Hawaiian to return again to Samoa, or for any Hawaiian lately arrived to remain. They must return to their proper country within this present year.

This regulation does not apply to those who have been for a long time resident in Samoa.  
But anyone who shall return to Hawaii after this law is made known is strictly forbidden to come back again to Samoa.

Any Hawaiian infringing this regulation shall be punished by a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100), and shall be peremptorily removed from Samoa.

I am,  
MALIETOA,  
The King of Samoa.

Residence of the King, Apia, January 24, 1890.

## S. S. Australia.

The Oceanic S. S. Australia, Capt. Houdlette, arrived Friday morning from San Francisco with 48 cabin and 49 steerage passengers, 1666 tons of freight, 5500 gallons of beer, \$51,150 treasure and one horse.

Sailed from San Francisco December 5 at 3 p.m. The first two days had N.W. wind and smooth sea, 8 to 10th S.E. wind, rough sea and N.W. swell, 11th to 12th strong N.W. to N.E. winds, rough sea and N.W. swell.

The Australia sails for San Francisco Friday the 19th at noon.

## A Trip Through Switzerland.

There has just been published a tastefully printed and beautifully illustrated book, in English text, descriptive of a "A Trip Through Switzerland." A fine map, showing the routes of travel by rail, boat and diligence to any nook and corner of the land accompanies the work, and greatly assists in its usefulness. Copies can be had or will be mailed, free of charge, to any address on application to the Official General Inquiry Office, Exchange Building, Zurich, Switzerland.

## Gomes the Jeweler.

An inspection of Mr. Gomes' new and elegant stock of jewelry, watches, precious stones and other holiday novelties is worth the trouble and purchasers will profit by giving him a call. In the watch line, all the latest movements and styles, such as split seconds, stop watches, etc., are to be seen, in either gold, silver or nickel. His store (Fort street McKinney block) is open evenings.

## KING KALAKAUA.

## Arrival in San Francisco and Reception at the Palace Hotel, Independence Day Dinner.

The U. S. Flagship Charleston after a pleasant passage from Honolulu arrived off the Farallons on Wednesday afternoon, December 3rd, but owing to a heavy gale did not cross the bar until next morning.

The bay was full of government powder smoke in honor of the visit of David Kalakaua, King of the Hawaiian Islands.

It was 11 o'clock when the Charleston passed through the Golden Gate and met the Swatara, detailed for escort duty up the bay. The latter vessel inaugurated the firing with a royal salute of twenty-one guns, running the Hawaiian flag to the mainmast head as the first gun was fired. Alcatraz and the other forts took up the thunderous welcome as the Swatara turned and led the way up the channel and around the seawall to anchor off the foot of Washington street, preceding the Charleston, also flying the Hawaiian colors, by about a quarter of a mile.

The Swatara's work was very pretty at the finish. She dropped anchor and tailed in with the flood tide ten minutes before the Charleston came up abreast, which moment was the signal for manning yards. The crew went aloft on fore and main in fine style, and in less than two minutes every yard from fore and main to the royals was decorated with rows of blue jackets with linked arms, upright and motionless as statues. Then there was a salute of thirteen guns to Rear-Admiral Brown, to which the Charleston's six-inch rifles responded with seven blank cartridges.

The Bear and Patterson also had a greeting to offer, and the salutes became so tangled up that all but the experts on naval and international etiquette lost track of what the individual vessels were trying to do.

His Majesty received his greeting from the Charleston's bridge, and was not too tired by his rough night off the bar to thoroughly appreciate it.

## Invitations for the Reception.

The following invitation had been sent to those who were supposed to be desirous of meeting His Majesty on arrival and extending the courtesies of the city to him. The invitation was as follows: His Hawaiian Majesty's Consul-General desires the pleasure of your company to assist in receiving

HIS MAJESTY, KING KALAKAUA, Who is expected on the United States steamer Charleston, about Thursday, the 4th inst.

You will please meet at the Palace Hotel parlors on being notified of the hour.

The following gentlemen were invited to receive King Kalakaua on arrival: George W. Merrill, ex-United States Minister to Hawaiian Islands; General W. H. Dimond, Superintendent United States Branch Mint; ex-Governor George C. Perkins; Isaac Upham; George H. Sanderson, Mayor-elect; Barry Baldwin, T. G. Phelps, E. P. Danforth, Paris Kilbourne, Col. J. P. Jackson, Chief Justice Beatty, General S. W. Backus, M. S. Grinnam, Joseph Hyman, R. P. Rithet, Mayor E. B. Pond and city officials, Governor Waterman, W. H. Sears, Adolph Spreckels, William Alvord, ex-Governor F. F. Low, James K. Wilson, Max Green, Charles Mayne, W. H. Bailey, S. T. Alexander, E. L. G. Steele, W. F. Whittier, ex-Senator A. P. Williams, J. B. Selsom, W. W. Montague, M. P. Jones, I. Steinhart, P. N. Lilienthal, General John T. Cutting, E. R. Lilienthal, Alexander G. Hawes, David J. Staples, Hon. Chas. R. Bishop, N. W. Spaulding, Thomas B. Shannon, J. N. Morton, Senator J. P. Jones, Hon. C. N. Felton, Robert Oxnard.

## The Process of Landing.

Hawaiian Consul McKinley and Lieutenant Lovering of General Gibbon's staff boarded the cruiser at noon in company with Collector Phelps and Deputy Port Surveyor Gaskill. The latter gentleman personally chalked the royal baggage with the Custom House O K "X" mark, and with his companion tendered the freedom of the Union to its owner.

Consul McKinley and Lieutenant Lovering consulted with the King and Admiral Brown as to the hour of the reception, which was finally settled for 3:30 p.m.

At that hour General Gibbons and his full staff, the Presidio band and two troops of the Fourth Cavalry were drawn up on the seawall in front of the Clay street float with a dozen carriages for the King and the army officers. An immense crowd lined the adjacent docks, but unfortunately for the sight seers the Charleston's starboard gangway was off shore and the disembarkation was hidden from view. At 3:45 a puff of smoke and a bang from one of the cruiser's guns betokened that the King was leaving the ship, and a second later the Hawaiian flag fluttered down and the Admiral's ensign replaced it on the Charleston, while from the Swatara the stars and stripes and the home pennant, a slender 300 foot long streamer, floated out on the breeze.

## The Military Reception.

The latter's guns joined with the Charleston's in the good by salute to royalty, and the batteries were worked so rapidly that it was several minutes before the Admiral's twelve-pound guns, manned by a dozen good-looking tars and flying the island flag, could be seen emerging from the smoke-wreaths. The bay was perfectly smooth and the passage to the steps did not occupy any great length of time.

"Way enough! Toss ours!" commanded the smart young cadet who was acting as coxswain, and twelve dripping blades went up in two straight rows as the barge sheered alongside the float.

Admiral Brown handed his guest ashore and introduced him to General Gibbon and staff. A handshake and a few informal words of greeting followed and the procession started. King Kalakaua's party was in a well-fitting Prince Albert coat and his head was topped with a black chimney-pot hat. He was escorted up the gang plank and between the waiting, saluting troops by his Grand Chamberlain, Colonel George Macfarlane, and his Secretary, Colonel Robert Hoapali Baker. Both these gentlemen were arrayed in the gorgeous uniforms of the Hawaiian army, and were ablaze with medals.

His Majesty entered a carriage in waiting, his escort entered others, the troops moved in line, and the cavalcade moved slowly up Market street, presenting a brilliant spectacle.

## To the Palace.

Captain Smith, manager of the Palace, was waiting in the courtyard at the head of a deputation of prominent citizens composed of Messrs. Adolph B. Spreckels, Morris Heyman Green, E. P. Danforth, Charles Weller, Norton, James Rithet, Morris Greenbaum and General Dimond. The captain was dressed in a neat cutaway with a top hat just from Hillhouse's in Bond street.

The Fourth Cavalry made a very neat maneuver in New Montgomery street and presented a salutary array as the regal equipage swept through the new iron gates into the courtyard. Captain Smith advanced and received His Majesty in a few appropriate words and led the way to the reception room on the lower floor. There General Gibbon and his staff and a large number of civilians were admitted by the guard that was placed on the doors to pay respect to the monarch.

Ten minutes afterward a servant announced to Captain Smith that the apartments on the first floor, southeast corner—just vacated by C. P. Huntington—were in readiness. Meanwhile a tremendous crowd had gathered in the courtyard, and the way to the elevator was crowded with admiring bystanders. The galleries above were thronged with pretty and curious women—that is, all of them were curious.

Half a dozen servants cleared the way to the elevator, and in a few moments the King was in his spacious apartments.

A large case of wine had been brought in and was well frappe by the time it was opened. His Majesty drinks a sweeter wine than do some of his admirers.

## A Royal Interview.

The Examiner reporter was presented to the King by Colonel George Macfarlane.

"I have met an Examiner reporter before," said His Majesty, smiling.

"It is a tradition in the office, your Majesty."

"Ah, yes, but this one visited the Islands last year and wrote a very interesting article."

Then his Majesty, who is a quiet, self-possessed man, with an excellent manner, spoke of his voyage in the Charleston, and wished that a few things should be said concerning the officers, who had given him such an enjoyable time.

"Were Hawaiian affairs in a peaceful condition when you left?" asked the reporter.

"Perfectly so. There was, of course, a general anxiety on the subject of the McKinley bill. It goes into effect in April, and will have an injurious effect on Honolulu commerce."

"Is its effect already perceptible in business circles?"

"To a certain degree."

"What about the treaty between Hawaii and the United States?"

"Oh, that is ended by the McKinley act, of course."

"Then there will be a new treaty?"

"Yes; but that is a subject on which the Hawaiian Government is reticent at present. I am here simply for six or eight weeks for the benefit of my health, which has been rather indifferent for several months. I have no organic trouble, but am simply run down from work and the need of a change of climate for a time. I am already like a new man from the effects of the sea voyage. I shall go from here to British Columbia on a visit to Victoria."

"Where do you expect to find a market for your sugar now that this country is shut off?"

"We look to Australia and Canada. Already the Canadian Pacific Railway has arranged with our Government for its steamers to call regularly at Honolulu, and undoubtedly Canada will endeavor to come in for the commercial advantage afforded it."

At 5 o'clock Governor Waterman and Mayor Pond waited on his Majesty and tendered him their distinguished attention. In the evening a large number of citizens paid their respects. If it was fair the next day his Majesty will drive in the Park. In the evening he is to attend the performance at the California Theatre.

Hawaiian Independence Day.  
The anniversary of Hawaiian Independence was observed on the Charleston, November 28th, the ward room officers giving a dinner to the King in honor of the event. Following was the menu and musical programme:

ALOHA, Nov. 28, 1890.  
Ward Room Mess.  
U. S. Flagship Charleston.

MENU:  
SOUP. Tomato. FISH. Mullet, Sauce Tartare.  
ROAST AND BOILED.  
Roast Pig Apple Sauce.

ENTREES.  
Roast Turkey Cranberry Sauce.  
VEGETABLES.  
Sweet Potatoes. String Beans.  
Baked Potatoes.

RELISHES.  
Olives. SALAD. Lettuce, Cheese Straws.  
Mince Pie. DESSERT. Nuts and Raisins.  
Tea and Coffee.

MUSICAL PROGRAMME.  
1. March—Charleston. Southwell  
2. Overture—Lutespell. Belsa  
3. Waltz—My Queen. Buacalosi  
4. Overture—Bohemian Girl. Belfe  
5. Selection—The Beggar Student. Millocker  
6. Quadrille—Elite of the Town. Ramsdall

## A Splendid Game.

Those who attended the baseball game on Saturday, and the grand stand was well filled, had a treat, for up to the end of the sixth innings a splendid game was put up by the Californians and the New Hawaiians. Cahill pitched for the former and Meheula of the Kamehameha's juniors for the latter. The score stood at the end of the sixth innings, Californians 1, Hawaiians 0. During the seventh innings it began to rain, the grounds and ball were wet and the Californians piled up ten runs. The game had to be called on account of the weather. Harry Whitney and Robt. Parker were the umpires.

By the Australia, Messrs. Wenner & Co., the jewelers, No. 92, Fort street, received an exceedingly handsome stock of novelties of all kinds in their line, some of which have never before been seen in this city. Just step in and inspect them.

## AFFAIRS AT PONAPE.

Attack of the Spanish Forces—Interesting Extracts from Private Letters.

From a letter written by Mrs. Rose M. Kinney to Mrs. H. Bingham, and dated Anapano, Ruk, Caroline Islands, September 13, 1890:

"I reached here on the 17th. We waited three weeks in Ponape to give Mr. Rand time to decide what had best be done, for they expect the gunboats every day, and then the fighting will begin between the Spanish and the natives. At first they thought it might be safe on the other side of the island, but the Governor said that there was no safety anywhere, and it was decided to take Miss Fletcher and Miss Palmer with the girls who still stayed with them to Mokel or Kusie for safety, until it was decided what was best to do. Mrs. Rand and Miss Foss going back and forth on the Star, and Mr. Rand stopping in Ponape until the Star returned. To save time and relieve the minds of the friends here (Anapano), I came on in a little schooner.

"I left Ponape September 11, and the gunboats were that day leaving the harbor, one to go to Kiti and the other to go to Ona, and there had 500 or 600 soldiers already gone across the island by a path over the mountains, and it was reported that the fighting was to begin that day. So probably before this the war has begun. The Ponapeans have made all the preparation they could, and will sell their lives and liberties as dearly as possible. The threat is that all of the mission work shall be given up, for all this trouble, forsooth, has arisen from the people imbibing American ideas." (The above news dates to September 11.)

From a letter written by Mrs. L. M. Cole to her daughter, and dated Kiti, Ponape, Caroline Islands, September 18, 1890:

"The Spanish and the Ponapeans are still fighting. The colonel and one of the lieutenants and thirty men were killed yesterday, and one of the ships-of-war took them to the colony yesterday. No Ponapeans killed yet. They have destroyed the king's place, burnt all the houses, and the church too. Tumane is the name of the place. They destroyed it Saturday. All the people were away at Ona, so there was no fighting that day. Yesterday they were going to destroy another place, but found a great many people there ready for them. We have not heard all particulars yet. There are three men-of-war here and two steamers that brought provision for the troops. The Morning Star sailed a week ago to-day for Kusie, taking Miss Fletcher and twelve girls. We had to leave Ona on account of the fighting. We went on board the Star and stayed a week and were going to Kusie till after the fight, but the governor would not let any Ponape girls go, so Miss Palmer and I stayed with them. We are living with Nanape at Kiti. Mr. Rand is here too. It is quite quiet and safe here. The Star will be back next week to see us, and if our lives are in danger we will leave, but it is quite safe here at Kiti. None of these people have joined them so do not be anxious about us."

From a letter from Captain Garland to Rev. O. P. Emerson and dated:

"At sea, off Ponape, Sept. 27, 1890. Up to date the Star and company are all right, but are having strange experiences. Mrs. Rand and the Misses Foss and Fletcher are still on board. The Ponape Mission is broken up. The Spanish shelled Ona and burned all our houses and contents September 20th. I don't know what the friends will decide to do. Probably with the exception of Mr. Rand they will go to Kusie to wait till these calamities are overpast. I go there in a few days to go on with the work at the east. I don't consider anybody safe here."

New Advertisements.

## WANTED!

A YOUNG MAN OF 6 YEARS' experience on Plantations as Book-keeper and Overseer, seeks suitable employment on a plantation or elsewhere. Speaks Japanese. Please Address  
T. E. HARTMAN, Post Office.  
1332-1m

## NOTICE.

THE KAPOLANI MATERNITY HOME has two rooms to accommodate paying patients. Ladies of moderate means who wish to secure a home on reasonable terms, before and during the time of confinement, where the best of food, attendance, nursing and medical skill will be provided; will please apply at the Home to Mrs. Miller, the Matron who will attend to admittance, give terms or any other information required.  
Honolulu, October 4, 1890. 1332-3m

HARROWS FOR SALE

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM England a small invoice of Patent-Jointed Five-Section Harrows; these Harrows are being extensively used wherever they have been introduced. They are very light and durable and will do more work a day with less team than the old styles. Any one wishing reference may write to the following parties:

John Hinde.....Kohala, Hawaii  
H. S. Bryant.....  
T. S. Kay.....  
J. Marsden.....Honolulu,  
A. Moore.....Pahia,  
A. Lidgate.....Pahia.

Any one wishing to purchase will please write to me,  
1345-5m  
C. NOTLEY,  
Pahia, Hawaii.

## NOTICE.

MR. JOHN M. DOWSETT is AUTHORIZED from this date to sign our firm name per procuration.